



1
00:00:00,766 --> 00:00:09,575
[Music]

2
00:00:13,679 --> 00:00:16,282
>> Good day, and welcome
to Mission Control Houston.

3
00:00:16,282 --> 00:00:19,552
Today is Friday,
September 6, 2013,

4
00:00:19,552 --> 00:00:21,921
and this is Space Station Live.

5
00:00:21,921 --> 00:00:23,856
On board the International
Space Station,

6
00:00:23,856 --> 00:00:26,625
a crew of six people
continues to work in support

7
00:00:26,625 --> 00:00:29,061
of research aboard
the orbiting outpost.

8
00:00:29,061 --> 00:00:30,596
Commander Pavel Vinogradov

9
00:00:30,596 --> 00:00:33,966
and flight engineers Alexander
Misurkin, Chris Cassidy,

10
00:00:33,966 --> 00:00:36,402
Fyodor Yurchikhin,
Luca Parmitano,

11
00:00:36,402 --> 00:00:39,505
and Karen Nyberg are orbiting

the planet at an altitude

12

00:00:39,505 --> 00:00:42,441

of about 250 statute
miles currently

13

00:00:42,441 --> 00:00:47,046

over the southern Indian Ocean.

14

00:00:47,046 --> 00:00:48,514

Supporting the crew
on the ground here

15

00:00:48,514 --> 00:00:51,183

at Mission Control Houston
are our flight director Holly

16

00:00:51,183 --> 00:00:53,285

Ridings, and spacecraft
communicator

17

00:00:53,285 --> 00:00:56,055

or Capcom [Inaudible]
working with the crew

18

00:00:56,055 --> 00:00:59,258

on all the different
activities scheduled for today.

19

00:00:59,258 --> 00:01:02,495

This is another -- been
another busy week aboard the

20

00:01:02,495 --> 00:01:03,929

International Space Station.

21

00:01:03,929 --> 00:01:05,364

It's getting ready
to near an end

22

00:01:05,364 --> 00:01:09,568

and the crew's looking forward to a full weekend this weekend.

23

00:01:09,568 --> 00:01:12,404

The highlight of this week was Wednesday's undocking

24

00:01:12,404 --> 00:01:17,343

and departure of the HTV-4 or H2 Transfer Vehicle 4,

25

00:01:17,343 --> 00:01:22,148

the Japanese cargo vehicle that delivered several tons of cargo

26

00:01:22,148 --> 00:01:26,418

to the space station, and is now carrying trash and refuse

27

00:01:26,418 --> 00:01:29,655

that will be destroyed after it is commanded

28

00:01:29,655 --> 00:01:33,192

to begin a fiery reentry through the Earth's atmosphere early

29

00:01:33,192 --> 00:01:35,361

tomorrow morning.

30

00:01:35,361 --> 00:01:39,832

The Japanese HTV-4 cargo ship continues now to phase away

31

00:01:39,832 --> 00:01:43,536

from the space station after its departure and release

32

00:01:43,536 --> 00:01:47,173

by flight engineer Karen
Nyberg and is scheduled

33

00:01:47,173 --> 00:01:49,975

to fire its engines for
a destructive deorbit

34

00:01:49,975 --> 00:01:54,079

at 1:36 a.m. Central
time Saturday.

35

00:01:59,685 --> 00:02:04,256

The Thursday -- the Wednesday
activity involved reaching out

36

00:02:04,256 --> 00:02:07,893

and grappling HTV-4
as it was berthed

37

00:02:07,893 --> 00:02:11,530

to its common berthing
mechanism port on the station;

38

00:02:11,530 --> 00:02:14,567

moving it away to the
full-length of Canadarm2.

39

00:02:14,567 --> 00:02:17,436

That was performed
by the ground,

40

00:02:17,436 --> 00:02:21,240

and then Karen Nyberg
released the vehicle.

41

00:02:22,441 --> 00:02:26,111

It was then commanded by
the Mission Control Center

42

00:02:26,111 --> 00:02:29,748
in Tsukuba Japan to make
thruster firings that led it

43

00:02:29,748 --> 00:02:35,087
to a stately departure from the
International Space Station.

44

00:02:35,087 --> 00:02:39,592
NASA and the Japan Aerospace
Exploration Agency are working

45

00:02:39,592 --> 00:02:43,162
together to gather extensive
data and imagery of the reentry

46

00:02:43,162 --> 00:02:47,266
with data-gathering
devices on the spacecraft,

47

00:02:47,266 --> 00:02:51,470
and some of that will include
imagery gathered by the crew

48

00:02:51,470 --> 00:02:55,608
and the ISERV science camera
which is usually applied

49

00:02:55,608 --> 00:02:59,478
to photographing natural
disasters on the Earth.

50

00:02:59,478 --> 00:03:02,114
The HTV-4 reentry
observation is a test

51

00:03:02,114 --> 00:03:06,285
to define the photographic
exposure and pointing limits

52

00:03:06,285 --> 00:03:08,053
that ultimately determine
how high

53
00:03:08,053 --> 00:03:11,590
and how precisely we can
locate a reentering spacecraft.

54
00:03:11,590 --> 00:03:14,493
There are certain areas
of the reentry environment

55
00:03:14,493 --> 00:03:16,462
for spacecraft that we
don't know a lot about.

56
00:03:16,462 --> 00:03:19,865
The crew will be shooting a wide
range of different exposures

57
00:03:19,865 --> 00:03:23,269
on three different cameras from
the space station's cupola,

58
00:03:23,269 --> 00:03:27,306
which is a 360 degree
bay window connected

59
00:03:27,306 --> 00:03:28,841
to the Tranquility module.

60
00:03:28,841 --> 00:03:32,745
We'll be trying to capture the
faint plasma trail of HTV-4

61
00:03:32,745 --> 00:03:36,148
as it breaks up in
the lower atmosphere.

62
00:03:36,148 --> 00:03:38,517

Mission Control has been working to determine exactly

63

00:03:38,517 --> 00:03:40,552

where the crew will need to work --

64

00:03:40,552 --> 00:03:44,490

will need to look as the HTV will be taking up less

65

00:03:44,490 --> 00:03:48,627

than a pixel in the entire field of view in those pictures.

66

00:03:48,627 --> 00:03:51,163

This week the crew worked on a variety

67

00:03:51,163 --> 00:03:54,500

of different experiments including more work

68

00:03:54,500 --> 00:03:59,371

with the SPHERES satellites in the Japanese Kibo laboratory.

69

00:03:59,371 --> 00:04:04,710

These SPHERES satellites, small bowling ball sized,

70

00:04:04,710 --> 00:04:08,981

self-contained satellites, are designed to interact

71

00:04:08,981 --> 00:04:13,018

with one another and maintain relative positions,

72

00:04:13,018 --> 00:04:15,054

and this particular set

73

00:04:15,054 --> 00:04:18,524
of experiments used a
smart phone technology

74

00:04:18,524 --> 00:04:22,528
to send commands to
the free-flying orbs.

75

00:04:22,528 --> 00:04:26,131
They also worked with the
ACE-1 experiment which looks

76

00:04:26,131 --> 00:04:30,502
at very small micron-sized
particles that are suspended

77

00:04:30,502 --> 00:04:32,671
within liquids called colloids.

78

00:04:32,671 --> 00:04:36,041
The experiment looks at
strands of such particles to try

79

00:04:36,041 --> 00:04:38,677
to develop ideal mixtures,
to develop products

80

00:04:38,677 --> 00:04:40,879
that will help improve
the quality of life

81

00:04:40,879 --> 00:04:43,515
for everyday people;
detergents, shampoos,

82

00:04:43,515 --> 00:04:45,451
fabric conditioners,
and the like.

83

00:04:45,451 --> 00:04:48,787

They also worked with a human reaction experiment this week,

84

00:04:48,787 --> 00:04:52,057

some fluids experiments, combustion experiments,

85

00:04:52,057 --> 00:04:55,294

and today are taking spinal ultrasound imagery

86

00:04:55,294 --> 00:04:58,097

of Karen Nyberg.

87

00:04:58,097 --> 00:05:00,933

There was also maintenance aboard the space station

88

00:05:00,933 --> 00:05:01,900

this week.

89

00:05:01,900 --> 00:05:03,702

Chris Cassidy replaced an air valve

90

00:05:03,702 --> 00:05:07,406

in the carbon dioxide removal system that is

91

00:05:07,406 --> 00:05:10,109

in the Tranquility module of the station.

92

00:05:10,109 --> 00:05:11,443

That occurred on Thursday,

93

00:05:11,443 --> 00:05:14,480

and that will help keep the
atmosphere the crew breathes

94

00:05:14,480 --> 00:05:17,015

at the proper balance
without a lot of after --

95

00:05:17,015 --> 00:05:19,118

extra effort from
Mission Control.

96

00:05:19,118 --> 00:05:22,688

Mission Control's been
having to do some extra work

97

00:05:22,688 --> 00:05:26,959

to unstick the old
valve periodically,

98

00:05:26,959 --> 00:05:30,028

and this replacement
should help return it

99

00:05:30,028 --> 00:05:33,899

to more automated operations.

100

00:05:33,899 --> 00:05:40,038

Meanwhile, the crew of six work
together to train and prepare

101

00:05:40,038 --> 00:05:42,040

for the upcoming departure.

102

00:05:42,040 --> 00:05:46,612

The commander Pavlo Vinogradov,
flight engineer Chris Cassidy,

103

00:05:46,612 --> 00:05:52,451

and flight engineer Alexander
Misurkin, they are loading items

104

00:05:52,451 --> 00:05:55,788

and performing final
training for the departure

105

00:05:55,788 --> 00:06:01,260

of the Soyuz TMA-08M spacecraft
that is scheduled to undock

106

00:06:01,260 --> 00:06:04,897

and land on the step of
Kazakhstan next Tuesday.

107

00:06:04,897 --> 00:06:08,634

There will be a change
of command ceremony

108

00:06:08,634 --> 00:06:11,603

that takes place on
Monday, September the 9th,

109

00:06:11,603 --> 00:06:15,641

in which Vinogradov
will hand off command

110

00:06:15,641 --> 00:06:17,810

to his colleague
Fyodor Yurchikhin

111

00:06:17,810 --> 00:06:25,517

of the Expedition 3637 crew.

112

00:06:25,517 --> 00:06:29,488

And then we will have
hatch closing scheduled

113

00:06:29,488 --> 00:06:33,892

for 3:20 p.m. Central
time on Tuesday;

114

00:06:33,892 --> 00:06:38,764

undocking will be scheduled
for 6:37 p.m. Central time;

115

00:06:38,764 --> 00:06:41,433

and then that trio is
scheduled to land on the step

116

00:06:41,433 --> 00:06:47,372

of Kazakhstan at 9:59
p.m. Central time Tuesday.

117

00:06:49,441 --> 00:06:51,009

Meanwhile, in Russia,

118

00:06:51,009 --> 00:06:56,849

the Expedition 3738 prime
crew Mike Hopkins, Oleg Kotov,

119

00:06:56,849 --> 00:07:03,188

and Sergey Ryzansky, who will be
replacing Vinogradov, Misurkin,

120

00:07:03,188 --> 00:07:04,890

and Cassidy aboard
the space station,

121

00:07:04,890 --> 00:07:06,592

they are conducting
their final round

122

00:07:06,592 --> 00:07:09,928

of Soyuz vehicle
qualification exams this week

123

00:07:09,928 --> 00:07:12,698

at the Gagarin Cosmonaut
Training Center in Star City,

124

00:07:12,698 --> 00:07:17,069

Russia, and will begin preparations for their launch

125

00:07:17,069 --> 00:07:22,341

to the International Space Station which is scheduled

126

00:07:24,142 --> 00:07:29,181

for Thursday -- Wednesday, September 25, Houston time,

127

00:07:29,181 --> 00:07:33,986

Thursday, September 26 in Kazakhstan.

128

00:07:33,986 --> 00:07:37,422

We're also getting ready for the launch and arrival of

129

00:07:37,422 --> 00:07:39,091

yet another cargo vehicle;

130

00:07:39,091 --> 00:07:43,529

the Orbital Sciences Cygnus vehicle will be launching

131

00:07:43,529 --> 00:07:48,333

from Wallops Flight Facility in Virginia and heading

132

00:07:48,333 --> 00:07:53,539

for the International Space Station on September the 17th

133

00:07:53,539 --> 00:07:55,974

with a rendezvous and grapple planned

134

00:07:55,974 --> 00:07:59,077

for Sunday, September 22.

135

00:07:59,077 --> 00:08:02,714

That launch is scheduled
for 10:16 a.m. Central time

136

00:08:02,714 --> 00:08:07,553

on September 17, and will
expect rendezvous and berthing

137

00:08:07,553 --> 00:08:12,357

at 8:05 a.m. Central time
on Sunday, September 22.

138

00:08:12,357 --> 00:08:14,927

All in all, a very busy week

139

00:08:14,927 --> 00:08:17,696

for the crew aboard the
International Space Station

140

00:08:17,696 --> 00:08:20,966

as we get ready for the
departure of half of that crew

141

00:08:20,966 --> 00:08:24,102

and we will be following along

142

00:08:24,102 --> 00:08:28,507

as the crew enjoys a two-day
weekend on Saturday and Sunday,

143

00:08:28,507 --> 00:08:30,943

and then back with coverage

144

00:08:30,943 --> 00:08:33,211

of the International Space
Station Monday morning.